

Neil Harbisson:

I listen to color (Ted Talk)





https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ygRNoieAnzl&ab_channel=TED

Watch the video and complete the excercises

Complete with:

Black and white, favourite colours, visual condition, colour frequency, hear colour, perception, grayscale, bone conduction, colour blindness, dream in colours

Well, I was born with a rare called achromatopsia, which is total
, so I've never seen color, and I don't know what color looks like, because I
come from a world. To me, the sky is always gray, flowers are always gray, and
television is still in
00:21
But, since the age of 21, instead of seeing color, I can In 2003, I started a
project with computer scientist Adam Montandon, and the result, with further
collaborations with Peter Kese from Slovenia and Matias Lizana from Barcelona, is this
electronic eye. It's a color sensor that detects the in front of me and
sends this frequency to a chip installed at the back of my head, and I hear the color in front of
me through the bone, through So, for example, if I have, like — This is the
sound of purple. For example, this is the sound of grass. This is red, like TED. This is the
sound of a dirty sock. Which is like yellow, this one.
01:24
So I've been hearing color all the time for eight years, since 2004, so I find it completely
normal now to hear color all the time. At the start, though, I had to memorize the names you
give for each color, so I had to memorize the notes, but after some time, all this
information became a I didn't have to think about the notes. And after some
time, this perception became a feeling. I started to have, and I started to



Use the correct verb form – "to" inf, inf or -ing

01:52		
So, when I started	(<i>dream</i>) in color is wh	en I felt that the software and my brain
had united, because in my	dreams, it was my brain _	(create) electronic sounds. It
wasn't the software, so tha	t's when I started	(<i>feel</i>) like a cyborg. It's when I started
(<i>feel</i>) that the	cybernetic device was no l	onger a device. It had become a part of
my body, an extension of r	ny senses, and after some	time, it even became a part of my
official image.		
02:24		
This is my passport from 2	004. You're not allowed	(<i>appear</i>) on U.K. passports with
electronic equipment, but I	insisted to the passport off	ice that what they were seeing was
actually a new part of my b	ody, an extension of my br	rain, and they finally accepted me to
appear with the passport p	hoto.	
02:43		
So, life has changed drama	atically since I hear color, b	ecause color is almost everywhere, so
the biggest change for exa	mple is(<i>go</i>) to	an art gallery, I can(<i>listen</i>)
to a Picasso, for example.	So it's like I'm going to a co	ncert hall, because I can
(listen) to the pa	aintings. And supermarkets	s, I find this is very shocking, it's very,
very attractive	(<i>walk</i>) along a supermar	ket. It's like(<i>go</i>) to a
nightclub. It's full of differen	t melodies. Yeah. Especia	lly the aisle with cleaning products. It's
just fabulous.		
03:18		
Also, the way I dress has o	hanged. Before, I used	(<i>dress</i>) in a way that it looked
good. Now I dress in a way	/ that it sounds good.	
03:27		



Fill in a suitable expression (1 word)

03:32
So today I'm dressed in C major, so it's quite a happy chord. If I to go to a funeral,
though, I dress in B minor, which would be turquoise, purple and orange.
03:51
Also, food, the way I look at food changed, because now I can display the food
on a plate, so I can eat my favorite song. (Laughter) So depending onI display it, I
can hear and I can compose music with food. So imaginerestaurant where we
can have, like, Lady Gaga salads as starters. (Laughter) I mean, this would get teenagers to
eat their, probably. And also, some Rachmaninov piano concertos as main
dishes, and some Bjork or Madonna desserts, that would be a very
restaurant where you can actually eat songs.
04:27
Also, the way I perceive beauty has changed, when I look at someone, I hear
their face, so someone might look very beautiful but sound And it might
happen the opposite, the other way So I really enjoy creating, like, sound
portraits of people. Insteaddrawing someone's face, like drawing the shape, I
point at them with the eye and I write down thenotes I hear, and then I create
sound portraits. Here's some faces.
04:58
(Musical chords)
05:13
Yeah, Nicole Kidman sounds good.
05:16
Some people, I would never relate, but they sound Prince Charles has some
similarities with Nicole Kidman. They have similar sound of
05:24
So you relate people that you wouldn't relate, and you can also create
concerts by looking at the audience faces. So I connect the eye, and then I play the
audience's faces. The good thing about this is, if the concertsound good, it's
their fault. It's not my fault. because



Use the correct form of the word – noun/adjective/adverb/verb

05:42
And so another thing that happens is that I started having this second
effect that normal sounds started to become color. I heard a telephone tone, and it felt
green because it sounded just like the color green. The BBC beeps, they sound
turquoise, and listening to Mozart became a yellow experience,
06:05
so I started to paint music and paint people's voices, because people's voices have
frequent that I relate to color.
06:13
And here's some music translated into color. For example, Mozart, "Queen of the Night,"
looks like this. Very yellow and very colorful, because there's many different frequencies. And
this is a <i>complete</i> different song. It's Justin Bieber's "Baby." It is very pink and
very yellow.
06:43
So, also voices, I can transform speak into color, for example, these are two
very well-known One of them is Martin Luther King's "I Have A Dream," and
the other one is Hitler. And I like to exhibit these paintings in the exhibit
halls without labels, and then I ask people, "Which one do you prefer?" And most people
change their <i>prefer</i> when I tell them that the one on the left is Hitler and the
one on the right is Martin Luther King.



Choose the correct expression

07:15

08:19

So I got to a point when I was able to **see/perceive** 360 colors, just like human vision. I was able to differentiate all the degrees of the color wheel. But then, I just thought that this human vision wasn't **good enough/enough good**. There's many, many more colors around us that we cannot perceive, but that electronic eyes can perceive. So I decided to continue extending my color senses, and I added **infrasauna/infrared** and I added ultraviolet to the color-to-sound scale, so now I can hear colors that the human eye cannot perceive. 07:51

For example, perceiving infrared is good because you can actually detect if there's movement detectors in a room. I can hear if someone points *to/at* me with a remote control. And the good thing about perceiving ultraviolet is that you can hear if it's a good day or a bad day to sunbathe, because ultraviolet is a dangerous color, a color that can actually kill us, so I think we *would/should* all have this wish to perceive things that we cannot perceive.

Last but not least – prepositions

That's why, two years ago, I created the Cyborg Foundation, which is a foundation that tries to help people become a cyborg, tries to encourage people to extend their

encourage you to become a cyborg. You won't be alone. Thank you.

senses _____ using technology _____ part ____ the body.

08:32

We should all think that knowledge comes _____ our senses, so if we extend our senses, we will consequently extend our knowledge. I think life will be much more exciting when we stop creating applications _____ mobile phones and we start creating applications _____ our own body. I think this will be a big, big change that we will see _____ this century.

08:54

So I do encourage you all to think which senses you'd like to extend. I would